



China Council for International Cooperation on Environment and Development

Operational Mechanism of CCICED

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22 June 2015
Washington D.C

History



CCICED was established on the eve of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development held in Rio in 1992. When attending the Summit Meeting, Chinese Premier Li Peng declared to the world the establishment of CCICED.

1992

2015

Composed of high-profile Chinese and international senior officials and renowned experts, CCICED is a high level, non-profit international advisory body, and puts forward policy recommendations on important environment and development issues of China.

Goal



1 Promoting the construction of a resource-saving and environmentally-friendly Chinese society, as well as the comprehensive, harmonious, and balanced development of the environment, economy and society.

2 Supporting China's sustainable development and the construction of ecological civilization.





Song Jian

Chairperson of CCICED Phase I

State Councilor

(1992-1997)



Wen Jiabao

Chairperson of CCICED Phase II

Vice Premier of the State Council

(1998-2002)



Zeng Peiyan

Chairperson of CCICED Phase III

Vice Premier of the State Council

(2003-2007)



Li Keqiang

**Chairperson of CCICED Phase IV
Vice Premier of the State Council
(2008-2012)**



Zhang Gaoli

**Chairperson of CCICED Phase V
Vice Premier of the State Council
(2013 - present)**

Overview



 **International Cooperation**

 **Research**

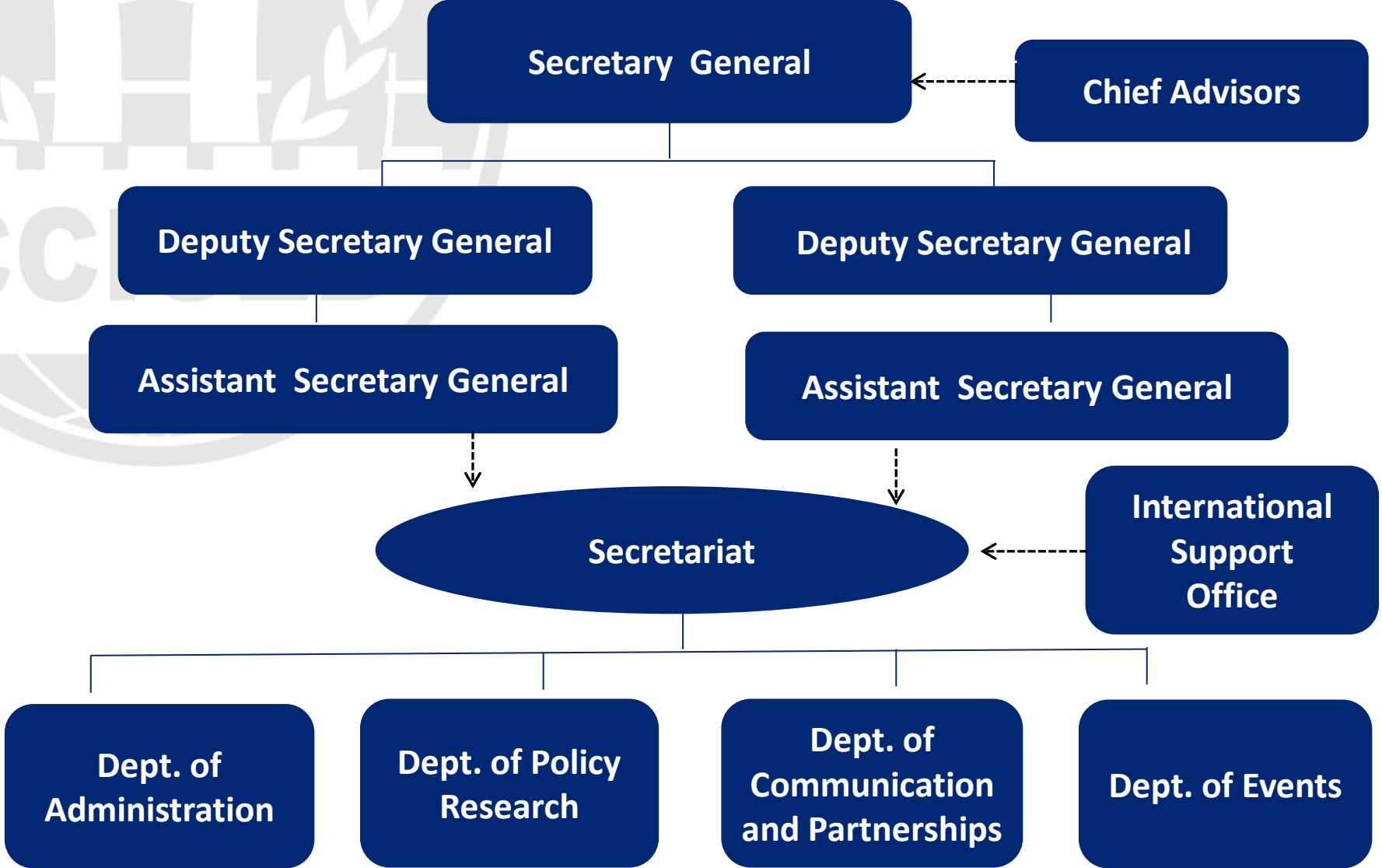
 **Policy Policy Consultation**

 **Direct Channel**

Overview



Administration Mechanism



Overview



Priorities of Each Phase

**Phase I of CCICED
(1992-1996)**

improved environmental awareness among decision makers

**Phase II of CCICED
(1997-2001)**

focused on domestic environmental pollution and the development of environmental laws and regulation systems.

**Phase III of CCICED
(2002-2006)**

targeted integrating environmental protection into the comprehensive decision-making process of China's development

**Phase IV of CCICED
(2007-2011)**

promoted the establishment of a new relationship between economic development and environmental protection

**Phase V of CCICED
(2012-Present)**

Focused on the relationship between environment and economic development as well as environment and society



Achievements and Impact



Impact of Policy Recommendations



The "9th Five-Year Plan and the 2010 long-term goal" required the economic development mode to be transformed from extensive to intensive.



Air Pollution Prevention and Control Law and others were amended.



The National People's Congress passed the Environmental Impact Assessment Law.

1993

1994

1995

1996

1997

1998

1999

2000

2001

2002

To discard the extensive production and management mode and look for an intensive mode.

To enhance public participation in environmental protection.

To develop and improve environmental laws.

To integrate sustainable development into every area of the economy and society.

To implement a comprehensive environment and development policy making process, and to integrate social and economic decisions with environmental policies.

To enhance ecological building and protection, to implement a revised program for converting farmland to forests and grasslands in key areas.



CCICED Policy Recommendations



Achievements and Impact

The State Council released the Regulations on Conversion of Farmland to Forests.

2003

The "11th Five-Year Plan" required the government to incorporate environmental protection into every aspect of economic and social development.

2004

Premier Wen Jiabao proposed to realize the "Three Transformations" of environmental protection.

2005

2006

The National People's Congress approved the establishment of the Ministry of Environmental Protection of China.

2007

The National People's Congress passed the Law on Promoting of Circular Economy.

2008

To develop circular economy in China and to formulate the fundamental law for circular economy.

To improve and strengthen the status and power of the environmental protection department.

To set up a performance assessment system based on prioritizing energy-saving and emission reduction.

To identify a development path for low carbon economy in China.





Achievements and Impact



President Hu Jintao promised that China would follow a low carbon economy development path while delivering a speech at the UN.

A system was set up to comprehensively assess and evaluate government officials' performance based on the achievement of the emission reduction targets of the "11th Five Year Plan", which successfully prompted the targets to be met.

Premier Wen Jiabao highlights the importance of "improving development quality and achieving green prosperity" at United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development

The State Council releases the Ten Measures for Air Pollution Prevention and Control, and requires the "establishment of regional joint prevention and control mechanism in regions such as Beijing-Tianjin-Hebei, the Yangtze River delta and the Pearl River delta"

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

To promote strategic transformation of environment and development and achieve future green prosperity in China

To put forward the policy on strengthening joint prevention and control of air pollution and improve regional air quality



Overview



Uniqueness

- 1 Policy recommendations followed by pilot and practice**
 - Green Supply Chain
 - Environmental Auditing
 - Sustainable Consumption
- 2 A platform for sharing the experience and the solutions between China and International Community**
 - Joint study and recommendations
- 3 A Direct Access to Top Chinese Leadership**
 - Chairperson -Vice Premier
 - State leader meet with the Council Members and hear their policy recommendations each year



Achievements and Impact

CCICED has participated in and witnessed the progress of environment and development cause of China, carried out many studies on the practical issues in environment and development, put forward many good policy recommendations in areas such as eco-compensation, circular economy, clean development and low carbon development, facilitated the development of relevant activities in China and made positive achievements。



—— Li Keqiang 2012



Achievements and Impact

In more than 20 years since establishment, CCICED provided an important platform of international communication, opened a gate to assimilate experience of international sustainable development, built a bridge for the dialogue and exchanges between China and international communities in the field of environment and development, played an important role to push forward the process of the Green Development. Chinese government will give active support constantly to CCICED. I hope CCICED will continue to provide intellectual support and function as the platform of exchange, so as to contribute to Green Development of China and the world at large.



——Zhang Gaoli 2014

Summary



Challenges and Opportunities

- 1** Decision making mechanism from “top down” to a “bottom up” as well
- 2** Modernization of governance system, stakeholder participation in the decision-making process.
- 3** Complex and comprehensive policies, more challenging for decision-making



Thank you!



中国环境与发展国际合作委员会

China Council for International Cooperation
on Environment and Development

WWW.CCICED.NET