

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in Trade and Investment 贸易与投资的企业社会责任

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Objectives and Approach 目标与方法

●Objectives 目标

Set out public policy considerations and suggestions to improve CSR performance in trade and investment within developing countries.

●Approach 方法

Examine potential improvements in CSR performance using the exponential growth of Chinese trade and investment in Africa as the context.



Outline 内容提纲

●CSR Fundamentals 企业社会责任的基本原理

- Definition and Business Case 定义与案例
- ●CSR Future Outlook 企业社会责任-未来前景

•CSR in Developing Countries

发展中国家的企业社会责任

- Public Policy Action Framework 公共政策行动框架

China-Africa Trade & Investment - 2000-2011

中非贸易与投资2000-2011

●Chinese Experience 中国在企业社会责任领域的经验

- in China & in Africa 在国内的经验 & 在非洲的经验

●Going Forward 未来发展

- A Few Suggestions一些建议



Defining CSR 企业社会责任定义

●Basic Definition 基本定义

Voluntary enterprise efforts to operate in an economically,

socially, and environmentally sustainable manner.

●Principles 原则

Promote transparency, accountability, ethical behavior, respecting human rights.

●Premises 前提

-Government & enterprises are co-caretakers of the environment and co-creators of social value. This requires finding new governance and business models that will define the balance of public and private responsibility.

-Stakeholder involvement including government, enterprise owners/shareholders, employees, suppliers, customers, local communities, NGOs.



•Stronger financial performance through

operational efficiency & risk reduction.

- •Better access to capital from socially responsible investors.
- •Enhanced employee relations, recruitment & retention.

•Enhanced social license to operate through community & stakeholder engagement.

Improved reputation, legitimacy & branding.
Improved long-term competitiveness.



- •Greater Transparency and Accountability arising from stakeholder demands.
- Deepening socially responsible culture in younger generations affecting consumer choices and investors.
- •Widening Gap between CSR expectations and performance.
- Inclusion of CSR provisions in some Regional Trade/Investment Agreements.
- •Shift from CSR compliance towards strategic CSR.
- Move from encouraging to promoting and edging towards mandating CSR practices.



- Promote CSR principles, rule of law, transparency and accountability.
- Promote use of CSR tools UN Global Compact, ISO
 26000, Global Reporting Initiative, etc.
- Support capacity building in host countries.
- Convene regular consultations and dialogues with relevant stakeholders.
- Incorporate CSR provisions in regional/bilateral trade and investment agreements.
- Build or strengthen institutions that promote CSR and expand partnerships with them.
- •Improve self- and co-regulation process including sector-wide codes of conduct.

China-Africa Trade & Investment 2000-2011 中非贸易与投资2000-2011

- Grew at an annual rate of 28%
- •China-Africa trade: \$10B (2000) \$166B (2011)
- •Major 2011 import from Africa: crude oil \$47B
- Major 2011 exports to Africa: machinery and electronic products \$35B
- Chinese FDI stocks grew from \$700M in 2000 to \$13B in 2010
- More than 2,000 Chinese enterprises have invested in Africa



- •730,000 MNEs in China in 2011 –
- underperforming relative to MNEs performance in developed countries.
- •MEP, MOFCOM, SASAC, CBRC are advancing policy measures.
- •30 National Laws, Regulations, Guidelines.
- •CSR reporting in China used by SOEs CASS CSR 2.0.



- •2,000 Chinese enterprises in Africa.
- •MNEs take time to adapt to host country
- societies & culture but expectations rising.
- •Chinese MNEs with projects financed by the
- Chinese Government are producing very mixed CSR performance.
- •New Guidelines recently issued by MOFCOM (3/2013).
- •Negative perceptions persist & require focused attention by all relevant parties.



Chinese CSR in Africa – Pragmatic Suggestions (1) 中国在非洲的企业社会责任:一些建议

- Move from encouraging to promoting CSR applying principles and tools
- •Move from "CSR Lite" to "Compliant CSR" to "Strategic CSR"
- Mandate CSR in projects financed by Chinese
- **Government through its aid and economic**
- cooperation programs
- Include CSR provisions in trade negotiations with Southern Africa Custom Union and other African countries
- •Seek effective implementation of new MOFCOM guidelines





- Share lessons derived from Chinese experience on foreign MNEs' CSR performance within China.
- Promote lessons learned from Chinese MNEs'
- CSR experience in developed countries to their operations in developing countries.
- •Forge and expand partnerships with relevant international institutions.
- Join international collective efforts to promote
 CSR on trade & investment; and champion one
 CSR issue that matters to these efforts.

THANKS!

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